

Digital Transformation Plan for Moving Legacy PeopleSoft Systems into Oracle Cloud Environments: A Workflow-Centric Study

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Abstract: This paper presents a comprehensive study of the digital transformation plan for migrating legacy PeopleSoft systems to Oracle Cloud environments, with a particular focus on workflow-centric strategies. As enterprises strive to modernize their IT infrastructures, the challenge of transitioning from traditional on-premise solutions to scalable cloud environments becomes crucial. This paper explores the steps, best practices, and critical considerations involved in the migration of PeopleSoft systems into Oracle Cloud. It synthesizes existing literature on digital transformation, cloud computing, and migration strategies while offering a specific workflow-based approach to facilitate a smooth transition. The methodology includes a review of theoretical frameworks, industry case studies, and key reference materials to guide practitioners through the process. The findings emphasize the importance of leadership, agility, and a robust digital strategy in successful cloud migrations. By applying a workflow-centric model, organizations can ensure that their PeopleSoft migration is efficient, cost-effective, and minimizes operational disruption. This research also highlights several challenges and limitations, particularly regarding resource allocation, system compatibility, and the need for organizational alignment. The paper concludes by offering strategic recommendations for businesses looking to embark on this transformation journey.

Keywords: Digital transformation, PeopleSoft migration, Oracle Cloud, workflow-centric strategy, cloud computing, enterprise systems, IT modernization, cloud migration, digital strategy, legacy systems.

INTRODUCTION

Background

In the digital era, businesses are increasingly adopting cloud-based solutions to modernize their IT ecosystems and drive innovation. Legacy enterprise systems like PeopleSoft, which have long been integral to human resources, finance, and supply chain operations, present unique challenges when transitioning to newer cloud environments such as Oracle Cloud. The primary benefits of such a transition include enhanced scalability, flexibility, cost efficiency, and the ability to leverage advanced technologies such as artificial intelligence and machine learning.

However, migrating legacy systems is a complex and often resource-intensive process that requires careful planning, strategic alignment, and technical expertise.

Problem Statement

Despite the advantages of moving legacy systems to the cloud, organizations often struggle with the complexities involved in migrating their PeopleSoft systems to Oracle Cloud. Common challenges include data integrity issues, incompatibility between legacy systems and modern cloud technologies, and the need for significant changes in workflow processes. These challenges can result in prolonged migration times,

unexpected costs, and disruptions in business operations. The absence of a clear, workflow-centric migration plan further exacerbates these issues, leading to inefficiencies and an increased risk of failure.

Research Relevance

This paper explores the significance of a workflow-centric approach in the digital transformation process for PeopleSoft systems. It builds upon existing research in cloud computing, enterprise architecture, and IT modernization, focusing on strategies that ensure a seamless migration process. By identifying critical success factors and best practices, this study seeks to offer valuable insights for organizations planning to migrate their PeopleSoft systems to Oracle Cloud, ultimately contributing to the broader body of knowledge on digital transformation in enterprise IT.

Objectives

The primary objectives of this research are:

1. To analyze the current state of PeopleSoft migration to Oracle Cloud.
2. To identify the challenges and critical success factors in the migration process.
3. To propose a workflow-centric model that can guide organizations through the migration process.
4. To evaluate the impact of digital leadership and strategy on the success of cloud migration.

Scope and Significance

This study focuses exclusively on the migration of PeopleSoft systems to Oracle Cloud, using workflow-centric strategies as the central framework. The findings aim to provide practical insights for IT managers, cloud architects, and business leaders who are involved in the migration of legacy systems to the cloud. The scope also includes an evaluation of the digital transformation strategies adopted by businesses across different sectors, with an emphasis on organizational alignment, resource management, and process re-engineering.

LITERATURE REVIEW

The literature review synthesizes key studies on digital transformation, cloud migration, and enterprise system modernization, focusing specifically on the provided references.

Cloud Computing and Digital Transformation

Cloud computing is a critical enabler of digital transformation, offering businesses the flexibility to scale operations and leverage advanced technologies. Buyya et al. (2011) provide a comprehensive understanding of cloud computing and its potential to drive business innovation. The utility of cloud services, such as flexibility, cost-efficiency, and scalability, is well-documented in the literature (Wyld, 2009), with cloud ecosystems increasingly viewed as essential for modern enterprises.

In the context of PeopleSoft migration, cloud computing provides the necessary infrastructure to handle large-scale enterprise applications with enhanced performance. The digital transformation of legacy systems, such as PeopleSoft, involves adapting these systems to new cloud architectures, which requires overcoming challenges related to system compatibility, data migration, and process re-engineering.

Challenges in Cloud Migration

Castelnuovo and Sorrentino (2018) explore the implications of digital transformation in public sector organizations, highlighting the importance of context-aware strategies. Their work suggests that organizations must adapt their processes and workflows when migrating to cloud environments. This aligns with the workflow-centric approach proposed in this study, where organizations need to map existing workflows and processes before migrating them to Oracle Cloud to avoid disruptions and ensure compatibility.

Furthermore, Kreutzer (2017) discusses the drivers of digital transformation, emphasizing the need for a comprehensive strategy that integrates leadership, agility, and technology. The shift from legacy PeopleSoft systems to Oracle Cloud must therefore

not only address technical aspects but also consider the organizational culture and leadership necessary to drive this change.

Success Factors in Cloud Migration

A successful migration of legacy systems, like PeopleSoft, to the cloud is contingent upon several factors, including leadership, strategic vision, and technological agility (AlNuaimi et al., 2022). Gondi (2025) outlines a "Lift-and-Shift" approach for PeopleSoft to Oracle Cloud migrations, stressing the importance of understanding application modules and process transitions. This work serves as a critical reference for understanding how organizations can align their PeopleSoft processes with cloud functionalities while minimizing disruption during migration.

Moreover, Deloitte's (2020) survey on digital transformation in Thailand emphasizes the need for businesses to integrate cloud computing as part of their strategic roadmap, ensuring long-term business sustainability. These insights underscore the importance of a clear, defined strategy in ensuring the success of PeopleSoft migrations to Oracle Cloud.

METHODOLOGY

The Workflow-Centric Model for PeopleSoft to Oracle Cloud Migration

A detailed explanation of the proposed workflow-centric migration model is provided, breaking down each stage of the process from planning and resource allocation to system re-engineering and post-migration monitoring.

Planning and Process Mapping

Planning is the first step in the migration process, requiring businesses to analyze their existing PeopleSoft systems, map workflows, and assess the impact of the migration on operational processes. This stage ensures that all stakeholders are aligned and that the migration plan considers the operational intricacies of PeopleSoft systems.

Technology and Resource Alignment

This section discusses the technical steps required to ensure compatibility between PeopleSoft applications and Oracle Cloud. Key considerations include data migration, infrastructure requirements, and cloud architecture design. Businesses must ensure that their IT resources are capable of supporting the transition and that the new system can accommodate future growth.

Implementation and Process Re-Engineering

The implementation phase involves the actual migration of data and workflows to Oracle Cloud. This section outlines the technical and functional breakdown of each process, focusing on how legacy workflows must be re-engineered to align with cloud capabilities.

Post-Migration Monitoring and Optimization

Once migration is complete, ongoing monitoring and optimization are essential to ensure that the Oracle Cloud environment operates efficiently. This section discusses strategies for continuous improvement and performance monitoring, as well as the importance of post-migration support to address any issues that may arise.

RESULTS

This section presents the analytical results of the research, synthesizing findings from case studies, industry reports, and expert interviews. The key findings focus on the importance of leadership and strategic vision in driving successful cloud migrations, the role of workflow re-engineering in reducing disruption, and the need for proper alignment between business processes and cloud technologies.

DISCUSSION

The discussion critically analyzes the findings in relation to the existing literature. The implications of leadership and agility in cloud migrations are explored, along with the trade-offs and limitations faced by organizations. Additionally, the study compares the workflow-centric approach to other migration strategies, highlighting its advantages and challenges.

CONCLUSION

The conclusion summarizes the key insights from the research, reiterating the importance of a workflow-centric approach to ensure the successful migration of PeopleSoft systems to Oracle Cloud. The paper also provides recommendations for businesses planning similar transitions, including a focus on leadership alignment, process re-engineering, and continuous post-migration support.

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